# ELLIS Middle Mastery 3

Student Workbook



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#### ELLIS Middle Mastery 3.0 Student Workbook

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# Introduction

The ELLIS Middle Mastery *Student Workbook* is for intermediate young adult and adult ESL learners. It follows ELLIS Middle Mastery lesson by lesson and builds upon what is taught in the program. There is no new instruction presented in this book; it instead provides meaningful reinforcement activities to practice writing and using material learned in ELLIS Middle Mastery.

The activities in the ELLIS Middle Mastery *Student Workbook* are designed to strengthen students' skills in vocabulary, grammar, reading, writing, and communication. Using this workbook, students write, read, use diagrams, and converse with other students. Workbook assignments can be used away from the computer or can be taken home.

An answer key is found in the *Instructor Guide*. A copy of the Scope and Sequence chart for the ELLIS Academic programs is also found in the *Instructor Guide* or online at ellis.com. Additional online practice activities, correlations, and support for ELLIS products can also be found at ellis.com.

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# 1.1 Vocabulary



# **Instructions**

The following list of words can be organized into pairs. Write each pair of words beside a category below.

# **Word List**

cup

curry powder

dash

eggs

minute

salt

second

to bake

to cook

vegetables

# **Categories**

1.	used to measure time	<u>minute</u>		
2.	used to measure food			
3.	ways to prepare food			
	spices			
5.	food			



# 1.2 Vocabulary

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# **Instructions**

Each sentence contains a verb that can be replaced without changing the meaning of the sentence. Use a verb from the Word List to rewrite each sentence without changing its meaning. Use each word from the list only once.

# **Word List**

to check
to clean up
to get home
to have the time
to let
to start

I'd better test the cake.

1.	Will you organize the house while I'm gone?
	Will you clean up the house while I'm gone?
2.	Do you know what time it is?
3.	Should we begin now?
4.	Let's take him home.
5.	Do you allow your kids to eat a lot of candy?

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# 1.3 Vocabulary



# **Instructions**

Match the words on the left with their synonyms on the right.

- 1. <u>F</u> make
- 2. <u>\_\_\_</u> add
- 3. \_\_\_\_ see
- 4. \_\_\_\_ exactly
- 5. \_\_\_\_ recipe
- 6. \_\_\_\_ check
- 7. \_\_\_\_ start
- 8. \_\_\_\_ let

- a. directions
- b. begin
- c. combine
- d. allow
- e. test
- f. produce
- g. observe
- h. precisely



# 1.4 Grammar

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# **Instructions**

Use the modals and phrases from the lists to give advice or make suggestions.

# **Modal List**

must
have to
have got to
should
ought to
better
had better

# **Phrase List**

ask them to turn the TV down take a driver's education class get to work as soon as possible take an English class save your money ask your neighbors if they've seen him put another blanket on the bed

1.	My husband likes to sleep with the window open. I get so cold! What should I do? You ought to put another blanket on the bed.
2.	I want to buy a new car but I don't have enough money. What can I do?
3.	Our dog ran away yesterday afternoon. We can't find him. What should we do?



I ought to learn how to drive. What do you suggest? Marta's father wants to learn English. What can he do? 6. Jim was supposed to be at work an hour ago but he's still at home. What should he do? 7. I can't practice the piano when the TV is so loud. What should I do?



# 1.5 Culture

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# **Instructions**

Indicate whether the following statements are true or false by writing a T for true statements and an F for false statements in the space provided.

1.	<u>F</u> dients.	Tablespoons and teaspoons are used to measure large amounts of ingre-
2.		In a recipe, a dash refers to a very small amount.
3.		There is more than one way to ask someone what time it is.
4.		A half hour is the same as thirty minutes.
5.		If a recipe says to add 2 T. of sugar, you should add two teaspoons.
6.		"Yeah" means the same as "yes."
7.		In the American standard system, temperature is measured in Celsius.
8.		"Do you have the time?" is a formal way to ask for the time.
9.		Hours can be divided into quarters.
10.		There are 16 ounces in a pound.
11.		Gallon-sized containers usually hold liquid.
12.		A quart is larger than a gallon.
13.		Only dry foods are measured in liters.
14.		It's perfectly fine to ask a stranger for the time.
15.		One pint of juice is more than two cups.

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# 1.6 Culture



# **Instructions**

Your neighbor is making punch for an office party and she needs help. She doesn't cook often, so she doesn't own a lot of utensils and can measure only one cup of liquid at a time. Convert the recipe into cups.

# **Original Recipe**

Party Punch

1 gallon orange juice1 quart lemonade½ pint grenadine syrup½ gallon lemon-lime soda

Mix all ingredients together and serve with ice.

# **Converted Recipe**

Party Punch	
orange juice lemonade grenadine syrup lemon-lime soda  Mix all ingredients together and serve with ice.	



# 1.7 Culture

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# Introduction

Write down all possible ways to tell the times listed below.

# **Exercises**

1. 9:30

2. 10:00

3. 4:15

4. 12:45

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# 2.1 Vocabulary



#### **Instructions**

In each of the sentences below, a word or phrase is italicized. From the list, find the word or phrase that can replace the italicized section of the sentence without changing the meaning of the sentence. Then rewrite the sentence with the new word or phrase.

#### **Word List**

arrive at do it. everything let's say truly you have

# **Exercises**

How much will all of the food cost?

How much will everything cost?

- When you major in Spanish, you are required to take literature classes.
- 3. What time did they *come to* the party?
- Is Miles *really* planning on going to medical school?
- Do you think we should buy one or two gallons of paint for the bathroom? I think two should be enough.
- Okay, we'll assume that we both get high scores on the test. Do you still think we'll get a B out of the class?



# 2.2 Vocabulary

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# **Instructions**

Match the categories on the left with the groups of words on the right.

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_ containers for soda
- 2. \_\_\_\_ measurements
- 3. \_\_\_\_ kinds of food
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_ directions

- a. eggs, milk, tomatoes, apples
- b. glasses, bottles, cans
- c. north, south, east, left
- d. miles, yards, feet, cups

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# 2.3 Vocabulary



# Instructions

Fill in the blanks with the words from the list. Conjugate the verbs if necessary.

# **Word List**

actually bigger each extra just package picnic refund regular

to hit to use

l.	We hit Las Vegas on a Friday night and stayed all weekend.
2.	, I'd prefer the wheat bread instead of white.
3.	How about a this Saturday? It should be warm.
<b>1</b> .	Does the list the number of calories that each piece has?
<b>5</b> .	I took the dress back to the store for a
5.	Should we make some pasta? Lana is coming to dinner.
7.	The sign says this CD is on sale, but I don't know what the price is
3.	I made enough cookies for child to have two.
9.	What kind of shampoo do you usually?
10.	I like small cars. I just don't feel safe when I drive the cars
11.	Dr. Winkler came in the office. I'll transfer your call.



# 2.4 Grammar

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# **Instructions**

Add a or an if necessary. If no article is necessary, leave the blank empty.

# **Exercises**

9.

1.	Mike wanted <u>a</u> bicycle for Christmas.
2.	Ashley can't come. She has homework to do.
3.	There is milk in the fridge.
4.	I'd like apple, please.
5.	I need information about arrival times.
6.	Do you have stamp that I can have?
7.	Tasha prefers rice to pasta.
8.	We went to see movie by Steven Spielberg.

I have \_\_\_\_ brother who lives in Toronto.

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# 2.5 Grammar



# **Instructions**

Where necessary, change the words to their plural form. If no change is necessary, leave the blank empty.

- 1. Sue likes rabbit <u>s</u> more than cat <u>s</u>.
- There were a lot of sandwich\_\_\_\_ left from the party. 2.
- My favorite vegetable \_\_\_ are spinach \_\_\_ and carrot \_\_\_. 3.
- We had a lot of luggage\_\_\_ with us: four case\_\_\_ and three bag\_\_\_. 4.
- Matt lost a lot of money\_\_\_ in Las Vegas. 5.
- We spent a lot of time\_\_\_looking for the key\_\_\_. 6.
- Becky needs a lot of milk\_\_\_ for her two cat\_\_\_. 7.
- Bert drank a lot of beer\_\_\_ and wine\_\_\_ at the party. 8.
- We need six can\_\_\_ of fruit juice and four bottle\_\_\_ of soda pop. 9.
- 10. Could you get me a bag of tomato\_\_\_?



# 2.6 Grammar

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# **Instructions**

Join the sentences by adding conjunctions from the list below. You can use the words from the list more than once. Add commas where appropriate.

#### **Word List**

and because but or SO

Ex	ercises
1.	It was two in the morning. The store was already closed when I arrived.
	Because it was two in the morning, the store was already closed when I arrived.
2.	Geraldine needs to find work. She and her husband are getting a divorce.
3.	Kelsey and Bob are going to London. They are also going to France and Belgium.
4.	Winter is only a few months away. You should enjoy the sunshine now.
5.	Café ShaSha's desserts are very good. Sweet Shop's desserts are even better.
6.	While in New York, we saw two Broadway shows and all the tourist attractions. We didn't get to see the David Letterman show.

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# 2.7 Grammar



# Instructions

Complete the sentences by adding a comparative form of the adjective in italics.

1.	Jack is smart, but Sue is
2.	This exercise is easy. The next one is even
3.	That shampoo is <i>expensive</i> but this one is even
4.	My head feels bad. It feels than it did yesterday.
5.	Skydiving and deep sea diving are both quite dangerous. Which is
6.	We are going too far. We shouldn't go any
7.	Schwarzenegger's recent movie is good but his last one was
8.	This chair is <i>comfortable</i> , but I prefer the couch. It's



# 2.8 Grammar

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# **Instructions**

Fill in the blanks with *much* or *many*.

- 1. How <u>much</u> oil do I need?
- 2. How \_\_\_\_\_ eggs should I put in?
- 3. How \_\_\_\_\_ tomatoes do I need?
- 4. How \_\_\_\_\_ salt and pepper should I use?
- 5. How \_\_\_\_\_ onions do I need?
- 6. How \_\_\_\_\_ spinach should I use?
- 7. How \_\_\_\_\_ lettuce should I use?
- 8. How \_\_\_\_\_ water do I need?

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# 2.9 Grammar



# Instructions

You are going on a picnic with some friends, but you forgot to buy the food. Your friend asks you if you have enough food in the refrigerator. Answer some, many, or a little. Some questions have more than one correct answer.

1.	How much butter do you have?	<u>a little</u>
2.	How many eggs do you have?	
3.	How much bread do we have?	
4.	How many cans of root beer do we have?	
5.	How much salad is there?	
6.	How many cookies are left?	
7.	How much cheese is there?	
8.	How many bags of potato chips are there?	



# 2.10 Grammar

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# Instructions

Circle the correct quantifier for each sentence.

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many

much

a.

b.

1.	I have crackers here. Would you like one?	
	a. any	
	b. some	
o	We had an any last winter	
2.		
	a. a lot of	
	b. much	
3.	Ask those people over there. They may have water	er
	a. any	
	b. some	
4.	people applied for the job.	
	a. A lot of	
	b. Much	
5.	There isn't milk left.	
	a. any	
	b. some	
6.	There were presents under the Christmas tree.	

d. exercises / won't

# 2.11 Grammar



# **Instructions**

Choose the correct words to make conditional sentences.

1.	If Ernie his rent on time, his landlord won't kick him out of his apartment.		
	a. doesn't pay		
	b. pays		
2.	If you're planning on taking a trip, your tickets soon.		
	a. buy		
	b. buys		
3.	Your pasta be sticky if you a little oil to the water.		
	a. isn't / add		
	b. won't / add		
4.	If you Josie, you give her the message?		
	a. see / will		
	b. will see / will		
5.	If we just twenty minutes every other day, we be much healthier.		
	a. exercise / will		
	b. exercises / will		
	c. exercise / won't		



# 2.12 Culture

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# **Instructions**

Indicate whether the statements are true or false by writing a T for true and F for false statements in the space provided.

1. <u>T</u>	Rolls are often sold by the dozen.
2	A gallon of milk is sold in a plastic container.
3	If food is sold in bulk, you can buy a lot of it at once.
4	A pint is about the same measurement as a bushel.
5	I guess is a phrase that means the same as I'm not sure.
6	A lot of information can be found on the packaging of some foods.
7	Canned food is available in a variety of sizes.
8	Some grocery stores carry only their own brand and not national brands.
9	A picnic is an outside event.
10	Coupons help you save money.
11	The American standard system of measurement is used by most Ameri-
cans.	
12	Something on sale will cost more than it usually does.
13	It's possible to purchase food by the pound.
14	The most popular way to buy soda is in bottles.
15	Aluminum can be recycled.

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# 2.13 Culture



# **Instructions**

Many people plan their shopping around recipes they're planning to make. Below are the recipes you'll be making. You already have the following ingredients:

baking soda butter brown sugar flour mayonnaise salt and pepper sugar vinegar

Using the ingredients in the recipes below, make a shopping list of ingredients that you need to buy at the store. Remember that you already have some of the ingredients.

# Recipes

#### Chocolate Chip Cookies

Mix all these ingredients together until smooth:

1 cup butter 3/4 cup sugar

34 cup brown sugar

1 egg

Now add the following: 2¼ cups flour 1 t. baking soda ½ t. salt

2 cups chocolate chips

Mix all ingredients together. Spoon cookie dough onto a baking sheet. Bake at 375° for 8–10 minutes. Makes about 4 dozen cookies.

#### Crispy Oven-Fried Chicken

3–4 pounds of chicken pieces ½ pound melted butter or margarine 3 cups cornflake crumbs salt and pepper

Preheat oven to 325°. Sprinkle chicken with salt and pepper. Dip chicken in the butter or margarine. Roll in cornflake crumbs. Place in greased, shallow baking pan and bake for one hour. Serves 4.

#### Coleslaw

2 cups shredded cabbage ¼ cup mayonnaise ¼ cup Miracle Whip 1 T. vinegar 2 t. sugar ½ t. celery seed

Mix all ingredients together and chill for at least one hour. Serves 4.

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# 2.14 Culture



# **Instructions**

Use the map to answer the questions.



- 1. How far away is Sam's Store from the grocery store?
- 2. Which streets pass by the hardware store?
- 3. How many streets intersect with Lincoln?
- 4. Where would you purchase nails and paint?
- 5. Give directions from the hardware store to the mall.

# 3.1 Vocabulary



# **Instructions**

Match the words on the left with their definitions on the right.

# **Exercises**

- 1. E June 2. night 3. shirt 4. semester to graduate 5. 6. Denver 7. \_\_\_\_ sure raining cats and dogs 8. \_\_\_\_
- a. after the day
- b. a western city
- c. describing the weather
- d. clothing

e. a month

- f. part of a school year
- g. to finish a course of study
- h. certain



# 3.2 Grammar

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# **Instructions**

Each of these sentences contain either a possessive adjective or a possessive pronoun. If the italicized words are possessive adjectives, write A next to the sentence. Write P next to sentences with possessive pronouns.

1.	 Can I show you the flowers in my garden?
2.	 The books on the shelf are hers. Those in the box are mine.
3.	 Josephine will take care of our dog next week.
4.	 Our parents lived in poverty during the war.
5.	 The judge wasn't sure whether or not the blame was theirs.
6.	 As the snake moved towards Bryan, he noticed that its eyes were shining.

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### 3.3 Grammar



#### **Instructions**

Choose an adverb that completes each sentence. Use each word from the list only once.

#### **Word List**

always finally

just

late more

never

now

probably

<del>really</del>

sometimes

too

1.	He <u>really</u> doesn't want to discuss solutions. He seems to be <u>more</u> interested in complaining about problems.
2.	She's here by 9. She's stuck in traffic and will arrive
3.	they're trying to focus on the facts to save time.
4.	I've been so angry. Can you believe what we heard?
5.	you get tired to think.



## 3.4 Grammar

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#### Instructions

Fill in the empty spaces with all possible missing subjects and verb tenses.

#	Subject	Present	Past	Future
1	l, you, we, they	have	had	will have
2		brings		
3	she		saw	
4	they	want		
5	Paul			will give
6	we	live		
7		cleans		
8		buy		will buy
9	it	eats		
10	he			will go

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### 3.5 Culture



#### **Instructions**

Indicate whether the statements are true or false by writing a T for true statements and an F for false statements in the space provided.

l.		Friends often take classes together.
2.		It is considered impolite to ask a friend how well they did on a test.
3.		Some fans sleep outside to wait for the best concert tickets.
4.		It is polite to ignore compliments since accepting them is not considered
	humble.	
5.		You should never question a friend's statement.
<b>3</b> .		It's possible that some places have a woman's basketball city league team.
7.		Small talk is used only when talking to people you have never met before.
8.		Very talented athletes might receive scholarships to a school.
9.		Some people accept compliments by simply saying thank you.
10.		A stadium might be the place where a very popular group performs a
	concert.	
11.		Religion is a popular topic for small talk.
12.		Fans often buy souvenirs when they have attended a concert.
13.		Man is used as an emphasis, and can be used only when speaking to
	men.	
14.		When you hang out with a person, you spend time with them.
15.		Graciously accepting a compliment is very polite.



## 3.6 Culture

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#### **Instructions**

In the situations below, give examples of topics that might be included in small talk. The list gives some subjects that you might consider. You can use subjects from the list or you can make up your own subjects.

#### **Subject List**

books
classes
concerts
current events
favorite groups
movies
music
occupations
the drive to work
the weather
what school you attended
where you are from

1.	Your mother and one of your teachers have just met.
2.	Antonio and Jasmine just met each other in a high school English class.
3.	Two businessmen are sitting next to each other on an airplane.



- Your friends Shawn and Rory are talking about next semester's class schedule.
- You are having a conversation with your science instructor, Ms. Lyon.



## 3.7 Culture

1. C You have a beautiful voice.

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#### **Instructions**

The exercises below contain compliments and responses to compliments. Write C in the blank if the phrase is a compliment. Write R in the blank if the phrase is a response to compliment.

#### **Exercises**

2.	 You know, cooking has always been a hobby of mine.
3.	 I bought it last week. It's really warm.
4.	 You're such a good cook. I wish I could cook like you.

- 5. \_\_\_\_ Well, I never thought I'd be able to sing as well as I can.
- 6. \_\_\_ That is a terrific coat! When did you buy it?
- 7. \_\_\_\_ Well, I guess I'm lucky. Math has always been easy for me.
- 8. \_\_\_\_ I couldn't have passed math without you.

#### Instructions

Each of the phrases from the above exercises can be matched to form a compliment and a response to that compliment. Write the numbers of the compliments and responses that go together in the blanks below.

Ι.	 and	
2.	 and	
3.	 and	
4.	 and	

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## 4.1 Vocabulary



#### **Instructions**

Fill in the blanks with the verbs from the list. Use each word only once.

#### **Word List**

graduate spend guess start hope transfer know work

1.	I'm getting tired of school. I can't wait to <u>graduate</u> .
2.	Do you what time the movie starts?
3.	What time do you have to tonight?
4.	How much money did you on your vacation?
<b>5</b> .	They to build their own house someday.
3.	When did you playing the cello?
7.	what grade my professor gave me!
3.	Are you going to to another school?



## 4.2 Vocabulary

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#### **Instructions**

How many complete sentences can you make by combining the following words and phrases? You can use each word or phrase as many times as you need to. One sentence has already been done for you.

#### **Word List**

are I'm

are you ready just hanging out

assignments due math

books to study for the exam

going on vacation Susie and Chris

I have three work in a record store

I have three math books.		

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## 4.3 Vocabulary



#### **Instructions**

Complete the definitions by filling in the blanks. Use each word from the list only once.

#### **Word List**

busy hi make minute ready weekend

2.	A is the same as sixty seconds.
3.	If you something, you produce it.
4.	Sara is very She has a lot to do.
5.	is a popular greeting.
	Someone who is prepared for something is



### 4.4 Grammar

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#### **Instructions**

Choose the correct tense for each sentence: present or present perfect.

- 1. When <u>does</u> the next semester start? (does, has done)
- 2. We \_\_\_\_\_ in line for two hours. (are, have been)
- 3. The last movie \_\_\_\_\_ at 12:30. (ends, has ended)
- 4. Lisa and Chad \_\_\_\_\_ married for 15 years. (are, have been)
- 5. I \_\_\_\_\_ at the hardware store since high school. (work, have worked)
- 6. Joe \_\_\_\_\_ three miles every morning. (runs, has run)

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### 4.5 Grammar



#### Instructions

Put the verbs in the present simple or present progressive tense.

1.	How many languages <u>does Anna speak</u> ? (Anna / speak)
2.	What's the matter with Stephanie? She (cry)
3.	We usually (go) to Florida for our vacation, but this summer we (stay) at home.
4.	Can you return Zeke's book? He (want) to read it tonight.
5.	Mark says he didn't steal the money, but I (not believe) him.
6.	My parents (live) in a apartment while their house is being built.
7.	Why (you / take) off your coat? It (freeze)!
8.	How often (you / call) your parents every year?
9.	What (this word / mean)?
10.	How long (it / take) to get to work every day?
11.	What evening classes (you / take) this semester?
12.	We usually (stay) with our cousin in Los Angeles, but he's out of town so we (stay) at a motel.



## 4.6 Grammar

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#### **Instructions**

Some of these sentences have verb tense mistakes. If there are no mistakes, write correct. If there are mistakes, rewrite the entire sentence and correct the mistakes. There may be more than one way to correct each sentence.

Exe	Exercises		
1.	Sam plans his vacation every evening this week.		
	Sam planned his vacation every evening this week.		
2.	What time do you usually have breakfast?		
3.	I'm taking the bus to work this week.		
4.	I'm not understanding what you are saying.		
5.	We leave for New York at 8:00 tomorrow morning.		
6.	Hurry up! We all wait for you.		
7.	I stay at home tonight to write some letters.		
8.	Jeanette isn't usually working on Saturday.		
9.	I'm not believing her.		
10.	I talk to him every day.		

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### 4.7 Grammar



#### **Instructions**

Match the three uses of the present progressive tense with the sentences. Write A for something happening at the moment of speaking Write *B* for something happening around now Write *C* for something that happens for a limited time

1.		Why don't you come over? We're having a party.
2.		We're saving for our summer vacation.
3.		I'm walking to work this week.
4.		I don't have time for golf this month. I'm preparing for the TOEFL
exam	.•	
5.		Why are you watching TV?
6.		What are you doing these days? I'm looking for a job.
7.		I'm not reading a lot of books at the moment.
8.		We're meeting in a different classroom this week.
9.		I can't answer the door. I'm taking a shower.
10.		Jack is studying Italian this semester.



### 4.8 Grammar

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#### **Instructions**

Write complete sentences using the simple past or the past progressive of the verbs. The phrases are given in the order in which you should use them in the sentences.

#### **Exercises**

1. Mark / have an accident while / drive to work

Mark had an accident while he was driving to work.

- 2. While Amy / talk on the phone Kris / prepare dinner
- 3. Jerry / arrive while we / have dinner
- 4. Nancy / dance when the music / suddenly stop
- 5. Sam / break his leg while he / ski
- 6. John / at work / hear about his mother's death
- 7. When the dance / finish we all / go home



- While I / shop yesterday I / see an accident
- While I / wait for Matt I / meet an old friend 9.



### 4.9 Grammar

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#### **Instructions**

Rewrite the sentences that are incorrect to make them correct. Write *correct* under the sentences that are already correct.

1.	I was believing Tim is right.
	I believed Tim was right.
2.	A car was speeding towards us.
3.	I was usually going to bed late last summer.

- 4. Carol took a shower when the fire alarm went off.
- 5. What were you doing at 8:00 last night?
- 6. Mary was burning her hand while she was cooking breakfast.
- 7. I was trying to contact her when she arrived.
- 8. Philip was just leaving the apartment when the phone rang.
- 9. What were you thinking of the plan?
- 10. I didn't think I had the right to say anything.

### 4.10 Grammar



#### **Instructions**

Write in the past form of the verb.

- 1. Brady <u>had</u> a party at his apartment last night. (have)
- 2. My boyfriend and I \_\_\_\_\_ dancing.
- 3. Maria and Karen \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the party late. (get)
- 4. They \_\_\_\_\_ bottles of cola and juice.
- 5. Everyone \_\_\_\_\_ hamburgers and potato salad. (eat)
- 6. We \_\_\_\_\_ games and \_\_\_\_\_ to music. (listen)
- 7. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ several new people and \_\_\_\_\_ some new friends. (meet)
- 8. Everyone \_\_\_\_\_ themselves.



## 4.11 Grammar

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#### **Instructions**

The sentences below talk about the future. Fill in the blanks with modals or verbs to complete the sentences. Where no extra verbs or modals are necessary, you may leave the line blank.

1.	This	one of the easiest tasks you	ever do.
2.	She	do it herself because she	strong enough.
3.	What	you want to drink with yo	our meal?
4.	Wait until you	r father comes home. I	tell him everything.
5.	That	be the day. I	_ hardly wait.
6.	You already	everything. What _	you want now?
7.	Ι	_ say anything if you	say anything.

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## 4.12 Grammar



#### **Instructions**

What do you think the world will be like in 25 years? Write about the environment, the population, or other aspects of the future world. Use the future tense.

Exercise				
-				



## 4.13 Culture

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#### **Instructions**

Indicate whether the statements are true or false by writing a T for true statements and an F for false statements in the space provided.

1.	<u></u>	You would congratulate a friend who just got a degree from a university.
2.		Hey is an example of a formal greeting.
3.		Many students have part-time jobs.
4.		If you keep up in a class, it means that you sit in the front of the class.
5.		A syllabus lets students know when assignments are due.
6.		It's unusual to hear an American express his or her opinion.
7.		Introductions often include information about a person's political beliefs
8.	-	The phrase it's a pleasure is often used in formal situations.
9.		It is not impolite to ask two people how they met.
10.		You should introduce friends only if you think they'll like each other.
11.	-	Talking about current events is an example of small talk.
12.	-	Sarcasm is a popular form of humor in the United States.
13.	-	High schools and universities will always have the same graduation re-
quiren	nents.	
14		You should wish people luck only if they are a close friend or relative

### 4.14 Culture



#### **Instructions**

Below you will see six compliments. In the blanks below the compliments, write appropriate responses to the compliments. There are many possible answers.

#### **Exercises**

1. That's a nice tie.

Thank you. It was a gift from my aunt.

- 2. Your paper was the best one I've read this semester.
- 3. Everyone around you is always so happy.
- 4. I hear that you're an ace at golf.
- 5. Really? You don't look a day over forty to me.
- 6. That's a beautiful dress.



### 4.15 Culture

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#### **Instructions**

Paul and Linda see Sam at the library. Sam and Linda have never met. Complete the conversation by placing the phrases in the correct order. Put a number in each blank to indicate where it comes in the conversation.

#### **Exercises**

1.	_2_	Not much, how are you, Paul?
2.		Yeah. It's a tough class, isn't it? In fact, Paul and I are here to study for
	the test.	
3.		Good. It's nice to meet you, Sam.
4.		It was nice to meet you too, Sam.
5.		Fine. Sam, this is my good friend, Linda.
6.		Hi. How are you, Linda?
7.		I recognize that book, Linda. Are you taking biology this term?
8.		Well, I should let you guys study then. It was a pleasure meeting you,
	Linda.	
9.		Hey, Sam. What's up?

#### **Instructions**

Now use the conversation above to complete the following:

- 1. Circle the phrase that is an example of a pre-closing.
- 2. Draw a box around the phrase that is an introduction.
- 3. Underline the phrases that are responses to introductions.
- 4. Double-underline the phrases that are examples of small talk.

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## 4.16 Culture



#### **Instructions**

There are many ways to say hello. Rank the following greetings from casual to formal, 1 being the most casual and 3 being the most formal.

- 1. Group 1
  - a. Hello
  - b. \_\_\_\_ Hey
  - c. \_\_\_ Hi
- 2. Group 2
  - a. \_\_\_ Howdy
  - b. \_\_\_ Hello there
  - c. \_\_\_ How's it going?

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## **5.1 Vocabulary**



- 1. Circle the words that have to do with biology.
  - a. carbon dioxide
  - b. genes
  - c. mitochondria
  - d. photosynthesis
  - e. vending machine
- 2. Circle all the examples of subjects that you might study.
  - a. dinosaurs
  - b. history
  - c. library
  - d. machines
  - e. plants
  - f. teacher
- 3. Circle all the words that you could use to describe a person.
  - a. genetics
  - b. great
  - c. guys
  - d. Jurassic
  - e. old
  - f. tonight
- 4. Circle the phrases that are used to agree with someone.
  - a. hey
  - b. okay
  - c. sure
  - d. thanks
  - e. yep
  - f. you bet



## **5.2 Vocabulary**

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#### **Instructions**

Fill in the blanks with the verbs from the list. Use each verb only once. You do not need to conjugate the verbs.

#### **Word List**

to call

to get

to produce

to study

to think

1.	Renée plans	him later tonight and ask him to go to a party.
2.	Who will you hire	the artwork that you need?
3.	Do they need	for the test this Friday?
4.	I'll have	_ about whether or not I want to go.
ŏ.	Patrick is hoping	a good grade out of history this semester.

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## **5.3 Vocabulary**



#### **Instructions**

Complete the definitions by filling in the blanks with a word from the list.

#### **Word List**

history hour library soda test

1.	Sixty minutes of time is the same as one
2.	Students who major in study the past.
3.	An exam is the same as a
4.	is something that you drink.
5.	A good place for students to study is the



## **5.4 Vocabulary**

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#### **Instructions**

Each of the following nouns can be described with adjectives. In the blanks under the nouns, write in the adjectives from the list that can describe the object. The words in the list can be used more than once.

#### **Word List**

big new great old hard perfect ideal third important wrong

#### **Exercises**

1	car

big, great, ideal, new, old, perfect, third

- 2. movie
- 3. exam
- 4. answer
- 5. class
- 6. building
- 7. soda

- 8. plant
- 9. night
- 10. weekend



### 5.5 Grammar

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#### **Instructions**

Respond to the questions in complete sentences beginning with *yes* or *no*. There may be more than one correct answer.

#### **Exercises**

1. Is Prince Charles from the United States?

No, he isn't.

- 2. Have you ever been to New York City?
- 3. Are you interested in doing volunteer work?
- 4. Have you talked to Fran yet today?
- 5. Do I have to buckle my seat belt?
- 6. Are you going to read the newspaper?
- 7. Do you have time to help me?
- 8. Could you tell me how to fix the tire?
- 9. Would you give me a hundred dollars?

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### 5.6 Grammar



#### **Instructions**

Match the questions on the left with their responses on the right.

- \_f\_ What kind of pizza do you like?
   \_\_\_ What's new?
   \_\_\_ Who knows how to fix a car?
   \_\_\_ What's her problem?
   \_\_\_ Whose opinions do you favor?
   \_\_\_ To whom did you give the invitation?
   \_\_\_ Which one do you want?
- a. Joey does.
- b. The blue one, please.
- c. Not much.
- d. I gave it to Ruby's mother.
- e. My own.
- f. Pepperoni and extra cheese
- g. She had a fight with her sister.



### 5.7 Grammar

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#### **Instructions**

Make questions from the statements below using *who*, *whom*, or *what*. There may be more than one correct answer.

#### **Exercises**

1. Someone called me.

Who called you?

- 2. Someone helped me get a job.
- 3. Frank bought the flowers for me.
- 4. Something is wrong.
- 5. Ursula is dating Marcus.
- 6. This means something.
- 7. I forgot to buy milk when I went to the store.
- 8. We have done something terrible.
- 9. Sarah wants to eat Mexican food.
- 10. I'd like to see a movie tonight.

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## 5.8 Grammar



#### **Instructions**

Match the question tag on the right with the correct statement on the left.

- 1. You're not leaving yet, \_\_\_\_
- 2. Martha's going to Alaska, \_\_\_\_
- 3. We're having a test tomorrow, \_\_\_\_
- 4. Monday is a holiday, \_\_\_\_
- 5. Malcolm got a new job, \_\_\_\_
- 6. We didn't get any mail, \_\_\_\_
- 7. You're going to the movies with us, \_\_\_\_
- 8. Jordan's not hungry again, \_\_\_\_

- a. aren't we?
- b. is he?
- c. are you?
- d. aren't you?
- e. isn't she
- f. didn't he?
- g. isn't it?
- h. did we?



## 5.9 Grammar

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#### **Instructions**

Match the question word on the right with the correct statement on the left.

1.	 This word asks for a reason.	a.	when
2.	 This word is used in questions about time.	b.	why
3.	 This word is used in questions about place.	c.	where
4.	 This word suggests something.	d.	why (in a negative question)

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### 5.10 Grammar



#### **Instructions**

Read the selection about Adriana, then write questions and answers below. Use complete sentences. In your questions, use the words where, when, and why.

#### **Reading Selection**

Adriana works at the community hospital. Her boyfriend Karl usually picks her up every morning at 8:30 and gives her a ride to work. Today, Adriana is worried because Karl is late. It's already 8:45 and she needs to be at work by 9:00. Adriana decides to call Karl, but there's no answer at his apartment.

l.	Q: Where does Adriana work?
	A:
2.	Q: When does Karl usually pick up Adriana?
	A:
3.	Q:
	A: She needs to be there before 9:00.
4.	Q:
	A: Adriana doesn't know where he is.
5.	Q: Why does Adriana call Karl?
	A:



# 5.11 Grammar

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#### Instructions

Complete the following questions by writing in a question word or phrase.

1.	When is your birthday? On July 3rd. But I won't tell you the year!
2.	does Deborah eat so much? I think she's very hungry.
3.	are you getting another job? Because I need more money.
4.	will you fix the light? When I get the right tools.
5.	doesn't James ask her out? Because he's too shy.
6.	are you going this weekend? I'm going to Las Vegas.
7.	did the spider go? I don't know. It moved so quickly!
8.	does the party start? It starts at 8:30.

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### 5.12 Grammar



#### **Instructions**

The statements below are answers to questions. Read the statements and form a question from the answer given. More than one answer may be possible.

#### **Exercises**

1.	<b>Jonathan</b>	went	on	vacation
- •	. 1 0 1100 0110011	0110	~	1 000001011

Who went on vacation?

- 2. He visited his family.
- 3. Esther left the day before yesterday.
- 4. Henry lived there for more than one year.
- 5. The doctor gave Lottie some medicine.
- 6. The new tires cost Sam about three hundred dollars.
- 7. Karen arrived late last night.
- 8. Dave often has to work more than eight hours a day.
- 9. Cecily's feeling much better.
- 10. They're not going with us because they're too tired.



## 5.13 Grammar

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#### **Instructions**

Complete the questions with a phrase from the list. Use each phrase only once.

#### **Phrase List**

How about

How are

How does

How long

How many

How much

How often

1	times did you eat in the cafeteria
2	are you going to stay at the party
3	do you see your family?
4	does he want for this bike?
5	they going to do this?
6	he remember so many jokes?
7.	going to a movie?

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### **5.14 Culture**



#### **Instructions**

Indicate whether the statements are true or false by writing a T for true statements and an F for false statements in the space provided.

1.	<u></u>	The purpose of study groups is so students can take tests together.
2.		Some professors will tell their students that they cannot study together.
3.		Items are less expensive at convenience stores than at larger grocery
	stores.	
4.		All the time is an example of an exaggeration.
5.		I think is usually used when expressing an opinion.
6.		If you cannot accept an invitation, it is impolite to suggest another time
7.		A study group must contain more than one student.
8.		Hey should be used as a greeting with your boss.
9.		Cramming means that you don't study at all for a test.
10.		You are not obligated to accept every invitation that you receive.
11.		You should thank people if they invite you to do something.
12.		Homework is something that you do during class.
13.		The word <i>sure</i> is used to accept invitations.
14.		The words soda and soda pop mean the same thing.
15.		You can buy a pizza and soda from a vending machine.



### 5.15 Culture

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#### **Instructions**

Fill out the calendar using the activity list. Then, in the exercises, make, accept, or decline invitations as your schedule allows. If you accept an invitation, write it into your calendar.

#### **Activity List**

- You work every Monday, Wednesday and Friday 8:00 a.m.–2:00 p.m.
- English class is Monday through Friday 3:00–3:50 p.m.
- Biology class is Tuesdays and Thursdays 10:00 a.m.–12:00 noon.
- English assignments are due on October 3, 10, 17, and 24.
- The Biology exam is on the 6<sup>th</sup> of October, 4:00–5:00 p.m.
- Your parents are coming to visit on the 15<sup>th</sup> and the 16<sup>th</sup>.
- You have tickets to the ballet on the 9th.
- You have been invited to go to Las Vegas with your friends on the fourth weekend of the month.
- You've planned to go to a movie with your sister Alicia on the 7<sup>th</sup> of October.
- There is a party on Halloween night.
- You've scheduled to have coffee with your English instructor on the 23<sup>rd</sup>.
- You have a job interview in the afternoon on the 27<sup>th</sup>.
- Schedule any shopping time or study time that you may need.

October						
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

- 1. Your friend has invited you to dinner at 8:30 on Monday the 6th.
- 2. There is a study group for the biology exam from 10:00 a.m. until 12:00 p.m. on the  $4^{th}$ .
- 3. Invite a friend to go to the ballet with you.
- 4. Arrange for a classmate to help you with the English assignment due on the  $10^{\rm th}$ .
- 5. Ask your friend to help you shop for a new outfit for your interview.
- 6. Your roommate has an extra ticket to see a concert on the 22<sup>nd</sup>.
- 7. A co-worker has asked you to work for him on the  $23^{\rm rd}$  from nine to eleven at night.
- 8. Invite your friend to meet your parents while they're in town.

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## **5.16 Culture**



#### Instructions

Practice giving your opinion. Answer the following questions using the phrases you have learned.

1.	What is your favorite movie? Why? Give your opinions about the story, the actors, the music, or the cinematography.				
2.	State your opinions about learning English. Is it easy or difficult? Is it fun? What do you like most about it?				
3.	Which sport do you like better: baseball or basketball? Explain why.				